Module 1

1. True or False: As discussed in this module, sex is a socially constructed concept.

2. Which of the following is defined as a public expression of one’s gender identity?
   a. gender
   b. gender norms
   c. gender roles
   d. masculinity

3. True or False: Masculinity and femininity are not socially constructed as these behaviors and traits are set at birth.

4. True or False: We do gender knowing others will judge our performance, especially if we do gender outside the normative gender scripts.

Module 2

1. _____ refers to unequal access to resources within society between men and women.
   a. The glass ceiling
   b. Gender stratification
   c. Sexism
   d. The second shift
2. True or False: Media has and will continue to be instrumental at a structural level in the process of gender socialization.

3. Which of the following issues is a structural barrier that limits women from holding high positions within religious institutions?
   a. tradition
   b. ordination
   c. dogma
   d. all of these

4. True or False: The second shift is viewed as being advantageous to women as it allows them to gain more responsibility and income.

Module 3

1. True or False: Women are the predominate victims of honor killing.

2. True or False: The violence a woman experiences stays the same throughout her life cycle.

3. The ____ was designed to identify the different ways in which women may experience abuse and violence.
   a. VAMA
   b. Power and Control Wheel
   c. Intersex Wheel
   d. Gender and Sexuality Wheel
4. According to Harvard researchers, the treatment of women in a society is closely linked to the _____ of the society.
   a. Birth rate
   b. Gender identity
   c. Peacefulness
   d. Cult of Domesticity

Module 4

1. True or False: Intersex refers to individuals with a sexual orientation to both sexes.
2. True or False: Transgender refers to a person with a gender that is different from his or her biological sex.
3. Which of the following refers to the fear of homosexuals and homosexuality that may results in violence against homosexuals?
   a. sexual orientation
   b. homophobia
   c. honor killing
   d. asexuality
4. Hookups and “friends with benefits” pertain to which of the terms?
   a. gender identity
   b. gender roles
   c. sexuality
   d. transsexual

Module 5

1. True or False: A feminist is one who glorifies the ideal of sexual purity, morality, domestic ability and submissiveness in women.

2. True or False: Members of the Men’s Movement were in support of the New Jersey delivery room decision.

3. Which perspective contends that sexual identity is not fixed, but in fact fluid, with there being ranges to masculinity and femininity depending on time, place and culture?
   a. Queer theory
   b. Functionalist theory
   c. Feminist theory
   d. Sexuality theory

4. Which event is viewed by many as the start of the Gay Rights Movement?
   a. The passage of VAMA
   b. The third wave of the Women’s Movement
   c. The Matrix of Domination
   d. The Stonewall Riots
Answers

Module 1
1. True (Sex and Gender and the Sociological Perspective)
2. C (LO 9.1.2)
3. False (LO 9.1.1)
4. True (LO 9.1.2)

Module 2
1. B (LO 9.2.2)
2. True (LO 9.2.1)
3. D (LO 9.2.3)
4. F (LO 9.2.1)

Module 3
1. True (Problems Experienced by Women Around the World)
2. False (LO 9.3.1)
3. B (LO 9.3.1)
4. C (LO 9.3.2)

Module 4
1. False (LO 9.4.2)
2. True (LO 9.4.2)
3. B (LO 9.4.2)
4. C (LO 9.4.1)
Module 5

1. False (LO 9.5.1)
2. False (LO 9.5.1)
3. A (LO 9.5.1)
4. D (LO 9.5.1)